



Hydrochloric Acid Venting Hydrochloric Acid Tanks

All hydrochloric acid storage tanks must be properly vented to avoid exceeding the pressure or vacuum rating of the tank. Exceeding the design limits of the tank could lead to possible failure of the tank. A pressure/vacuum relief device should be in place in addition to the tank vent.

Internal Tank Pressure/Vacuum

The most significant increase in pressure occurs when filling the tank. As acid is transferred into the tank, the pressure tends to increase unless the vent system has the capability to relieve the pressure. When liquid is withdrawn from the tank, an equal volume of outside air must enter the tank through a vent system, or a partial vacuum will be created inside the tank which could result in cracking or collapse of the tank.

When acid is unloaded by air pressure from a tank car or trailer, a properly designed vent is extremely important because of the sudden surge of air through the hose at the end of the unloading. The vent system must be designed to manage this air surge condition. To provide guidance on storage tank vent requirements, a calculated air flow rate could be 1350 SCFM at the completion of a typical unloading operation. This calculation was based upon a 2" unloading hose 25 feet long; maximum pressure in the tank car or trailer of 30 PSIG; unloading into a storage tank 8 1/2 feet high; and with a vertical tank vent line not exceeding 3 feet in length.

Vent Systems

A properly designed vent system will keep the tank at or near atmospheric pressure and within the tank design parameters. It is recommended that acid tanks vent into fume scrubber systems to absorb all acid vapors.

There are 2 basic venting systems used most commonly: (1) vent through a fume scrubber open to the atmosphere; and (2) completely closed system that does not open to the atmosphere.

Both the fume scrubber and closed systems eliminate acid vapor emission to the atmosphere. The closed system must use a <u>pump only</u> for unloading and transferring acid and uses return vapor lines, i.e., from the storage tank to the tank trailer or tank car while unloading. This system would normally have a pressure/vacuum relief device also connected to a scrubber in case of pressure release.

Vent Design

Vent designs must be based upon a specific system, starting with the pressure/vacuum rating for the tank and incorporating maximum anticipated vent requirements which are dependent upon; liquid flow rates maximum air flow rates for air unloading; transfer line size, length and configuration; and tank pressure/vacuum rating. These parameters are very critical in sizing vent lines. As an example, using the parameters of the previous air surge calculation, the



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following tank design pressures require certain vent line sizing:

- a) A tank designed for +25" Water Column requires a 3" diameter vent
- b) A tank designed for +10" Water Column requires a 4" diameter vent
- c) A tank designed for +1" Water Column requires a 5" diameter vent

The use of a larger diameter unloading line, longer vent line or vent line tied into a scrubber, etc. will require an even larger size vent line.

When a vent line ties into a scrubber system or other vapor control device, an additional pressure/vacuum relief device with appropriate settings should be installed on the storage tank.

Scrubber Systems

A fume scrubber is recommended for an acid storage tank system. A properly designed fume scrubber will eliminate the release of irritating and corrosive vapors of hydrochloric acid into the workplace and atmosphere. The type of scrubber which an individual facility should select will depend upon a number of factors including: method of offloading from tank car or tank truck (air pressure or pump), the ability to reuse dilute acid solutions which may be generated from the scrubbing operation, and permitting requirements needed in order to discharge or dispose of acidic solutions or other solutions generated as a result of the scrubbing operation. The recirculating scrubber and the packed column scrubber are the two scrubbing systems used most commonly.

The **Recirculating Scrubber** consists of a pump, lines, eductor, scrubber tank, and sparger. In this system, the fume eductor draws acid vapors from the storage tank. The acid vapors are then absorbed by water being recirculated through the eductor. The solution in the scrubber tank gradually builds strength up to a maximum of 15% HCI. At this point, the weak acid solution should be removed for use or sent to an appropriate hazardous waste treatment site. The scrubber tank is then recharged with fresh water. No acid is lost and the fumes from the hydrochloric acid are contained by the system.

In the **Packed Column Scrubber** water is fed into the top of a packed column and acid vapors from the storage tank are fed into the bottom. The acid vapors are removed from the air by scrubbing them with the countercurrent flow of water. The air then vents out of the top of the scrubber and the weak acid flows into a suitable chemical waste handling system.

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